The fight against SPAM

An Internet Number Resources Management Perspective

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Overview



- 1. Background
- 2. Statistics
- 3. Spam sources
- 4. Role of an RIR
- 5. Recommendations













spam – noun: a canned meat product made mainly from ham





spam – noun:

irrelevant or inappropriate

messages sent

on the Internet to a

large number of recipients



Well-known issue



- Multidimensional issue
- Started long time back
- ISOC, ITU, M3AAWG, IETF involved
- Many research initiatives
- Role of Regional Internet Registries (RIR)?









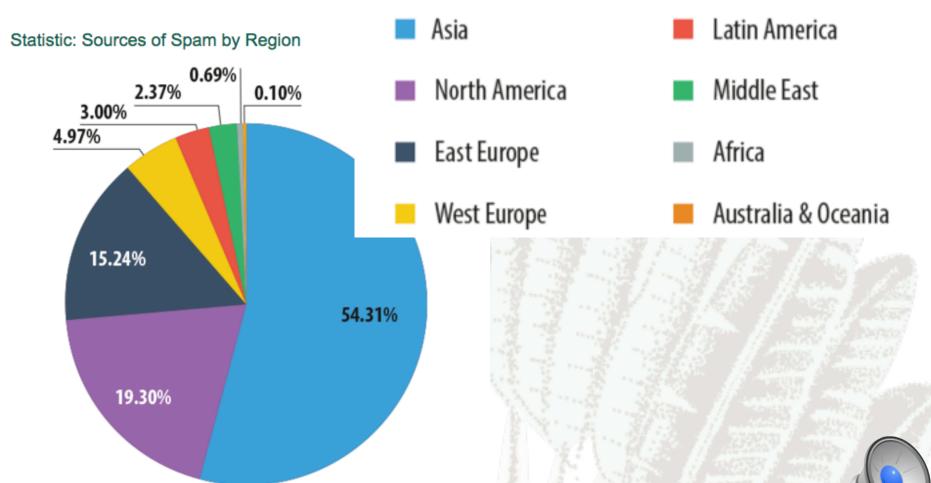
Spam and Phishing statistics Report Q1-2014





Global Spam Statistics

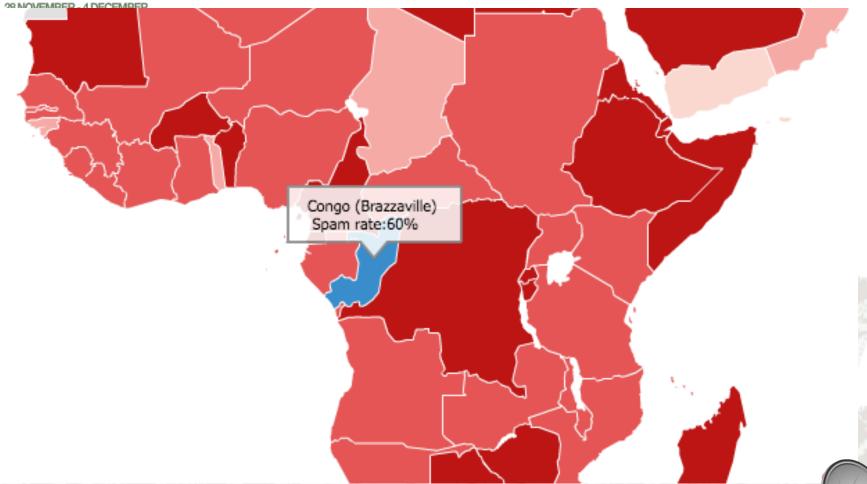




http://usa.kaspersky.com/internet-security-center/threats/spam-statistics-report-q1-20

In the Republic of Congo





http://www.trendmicro.com/us/security-intelligence/current-threat-activity/global-span





• 7 billion of mobile devices







- 7 billion of mobile devices
- 3 billion of Internet users







- 7 billion of mobile devices
- 3 billion of Internet users
- 115 billion emails per day



Some alarming figures



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90%+ of spam





http://www.abuseat.org/nas.html

Top 20 worst countries by Infected networks

Rate

	•	
	Laos	6.60%
	Mauritania	5.40%
	Yemen	4.50%
	Iraq	4.10%
	Macedonia	4%
	Myanmar	3.30%
	Vietnam	3.20%
	Somalia	3%
	Congo	3%
	India	3%
	Togo	3%
	Guinea	2.90%
British Indian Ocean Territory		2.90%
	Libya	2.90%
	Cape Verde	2.80%
	Nigeria	2.80%
Turks and Caicos Islands		2.70%
	Serbia	2.60%
	Iran	2.40%
nas.html	Armenia	2.40%

Country



Top 20 worst countries Spam Per Capita

Country	/capita
Monaco	1.24
Guam	0.846
Bermuda	0.755
Dominica	0.675
Djibouti	0.556
United States	0.446
Belize	0.376
Russian Federation	0.296
Armenia	0.276
Botswana	0.243
Canada	0.239
Mongolia	0.19
Montenegro	0.185
Suriname	0.183
Kyrgyzstan	0.173
Ukraine	0.166
Serbia	0.163
Bahamas	0.161
Romania	0.15



http://www.abuseat.org/nas.html





- Security threats
- Resources intensive
- Risk of being blacklisted











- Open relays and proxies
- Insecure networks and hosts
- Botnets and zombies
- Direct spammers
- Hijacked prefixes
 - Spamhaus: 3.5 % of blacklists subnets are from AFRINIC







AFRINIC 23

28 NOVEMBER - 4 DECEMBER

Maintain a proper and up-to-date registry



- inetnum
- inet6num
- as-block
- aut-num
- as-set
- route
- route6
- route-set
- inet-rtr

- filter-set
- peering-set
- rtr-set
- domain
- mntner
- irt
- key-cert
- organisation
- role
- persor

Registration of ASSIGNED PA



inetnum: 197.157.255.0 - 197.157.255.255

netname: CT-CORPORATE-BZV

descr: Clients corporate Brazzaville

country: CG

admin-c: AT19-AFRINIC tech-c: AT19-AFRINIC status: ASSIGNED PA

mnt-by: CongoTelecom-mnt

changed: aymar.tsibayis@congotelecom.cg 20151201

source: AFRINIC

parent: 197.157.252.0 - 197.157.255.255

- Very important to keep information up-to-date
- Spam filters not to black list the parent space





In Republic of Congo:

-11 LIRs with a "Allocated PA" space



Registration of ASSIGNED PA



In Republic of Congo:

- -11 LIR with a "Allocated PA" space
- Only 3 LIRs have properly registered assignments, even if subnets are advertised



Abuse contact policy



- Earlier no standard way to add Abuse information
 - email attribute
 - notify attribute
- IRT object
 - Single object can be used referenced in inetnum(6) and aut-num objects



Abuse contact policy



- Earlier no standard way to add Abuse information
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POLICY IS OPTIONAL





****AFRINIC managed IANA delegated zones:

- {196, 197, 154, 41, 102, 105}.in-addr.arpa
- {0.c.2, 2.4.1.0.0.2, 3.4.1.0.0.2}.ip6.arpa
- we register /24 and /16 reverse DNS from members
- PTR records are used by mail servers
- Register reverse DNS

- Enforced security
 - Signed your reverse DNS and publish DS records



- Route hijacking: mechanism used by spammers
- Use reserved or un-allocated space (BOGON)
- How to protect your routes:
 - Keep BGP filters up-to-date using IRR
 - Start using RPKI and ROA and activate BGP filters based on route validation









- Keeping records up-to-date
- Register customer ASSIGNMENTS
- Register Reverse DNS
- Use DNSSEC to protect zones
- Keep BGP filters up-to-date by registering your route objects
- Implement security mechanisms against route hijacking









Thank you for your Attention

Questions?



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