

# AfriNIC-11 Meeting IPv6 Deployment on AfriNIC Infrastructure

24th November 2009, Dakar – Senegal Hari Kurup – AfriNIC (remote presentation)



#### **Overview**

Objective

Readiness Assessment

Addressing Plan

**IPv6 Transit** 

Test bed

Security, Monitoring

Deploying on production systems

Issues

Questions



# **Objective**

To have AfriNIC public services available on IPv6, viz:

www, whois, mail, ftp, dns



#### Readiness Assessment

An inventory of all affected hardware and application software was taken

Based on this, an IPv6 readiness matrix was drawn up

Upgrades were performed where deficiencies existed



# Addressing

2001:42d0::/32 was obtained from AfriNIC RS

/48s for each existing IPv4 subnet

/64s to hosts (servers and routers)

A separate /64 for loopback interfaces

/126 for point-to-point links

With the help of sipcalc, break out two /44 blocks and from each /44, break out four /46 blocks



# Addressing (cont'd)

sipcalc 2001:42d0::/44 --v6split=46

2001:42d0::/46 Network at colo in Johannesburg

**2001:42d0:4/46 Pretoria Network** 

2001:42d0:8/46 Cairo Network

2001:42d0:c/46 (reserved)

Assigning from 2001:42d0::/48 (and chosing 200 as the interface ID) on the Johannesburg network:-

For every A record, setup corresponding AAAA rec. e.g. mail.afrinic.net

196.216.2.2 ←----→ 2001:42d0::200:2:2/64

www.afrinic.net

 $196.216.2.1 \leftarrow ---- \Rightarrow 2001:42d0::200:2:1/64$ 



#### **IPv6 Transit**

Upstream provider (AS2905) could only provide transit from the core of their network to the public net. Customers at the edge (like us) need to build a tunnel to their core.

A second tunnel via ISC (AS1280) helped us to multihome using our AS – AS33764



### in the routing registry

aut-num: AS33764

as-name: AFRINIC-ZA

descr: IPv6 Traffic to AfriNIC-ZA

mp-import: afi ipv6 from AS2905 action pref=100; accept ANY

mp-import: afi ipv6 from AS1280 action pref=120; accept ANY

mp-export: afi ipv6 to AS2905 announce AS33764

mp-export: afi ipv6 to AS1280 announce AS33764

mp-default: to AS2905 action pref=100;

mp-default: to AS1280 action pref=120;



#### The test bed

A dual stack test bed network was setup consisting:-

A software based router (FreeBSD 7.0) running ipfw and quagga

A linux server

Layer 2 switch

Created a route6 object in RIPE DB

Setup and tested all services running dual stack



### **Security & Monitoring**

Was important to setup IPv6 ACLs together with IPv4 ACLs, as well as bogon filters for v6

As usual, service and statistics monitoring with nagios, ntop, webalizer and munin.



### Turning on IPv6 for live services

Network configuration

Firewall and router configuration

Interface configuration

Test connectivity: Local & Remote

DNS: Configure BIND to listen on IPv6

Setup reverse zones for 0.D.2.4.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa

Test local and remote connectivity

Use sipcalc –r to setup reverse dns for IPv6 in "nibble format" e.g. for 2001:42d0::200:2:1



# **Turning on IPv6 for live services**

www: Re-configure apache to support v6 virtual hosts

Create AAAA record for <a href="www.afrinic.net">www.afrinic.net</a> with 10 minute TTL initially

Run local and remote tests

#### Mail:

Configure MTA to listen on IPv6

Create necessary AAAA record in the dns zone for mail.afrinic.net

Test all ancillary systems such as greylisting, spamassassin, message submission and POP/IMAP on IPv6.

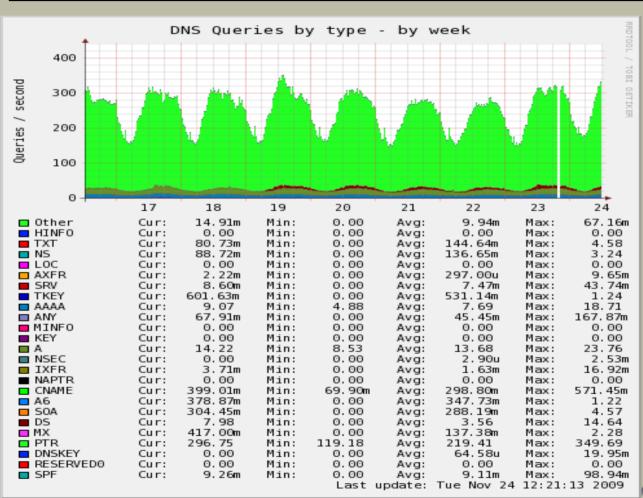
### **Turning on IPv6 for live services**

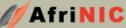
ftp:

Run another instance of vsftpd create AAAA record in the dns for <a href="ftp.afrinic.net">ftp.afrinic.net</a> run local and remote tests



#### **DNS** stats





#### www stats

6% of the traffic to <a href="www.afrinic.net">www.afrinic.net</a> is IPv6 as of Nov 2009.



#### Issues

DNS glue: registrar for afrinic.net is yet to fully implement addition of IPv6 glue records.

The whois system cannot talk to v6-only clients; code Is being worked on.

No known IPv6 RBL for filtering spam on mail servers.

VPN cannot talk on v6 as IOS for Cisco's VPN 3000 concentrator doesn't support it.

Tunneling as opposed to having full native v6 does introduce a latency penalty compared with v4.

Upstream does not officially support IPv6 yet.



# **Questions?**

